

((b) Which of the following shows an *incorrect* pairing of a web era and its corresponding features?

(1 mark)

- A. Web 1.0: Internet users can only search and read information on the Internet.
 - B. Web 2.0: Machine-centred; information is provided to network users by algorithms.
 - C. Web 3.0: The Internet processes and interprets information through software or programmes.
 - D. Web 4.0: Centred on the agent, the interactions between humans and machines have become daily.
- A B C D

Answer B

The feature of Web 2.0 is people-centred instead of machine-centred. Internet users can provide and share information on the Internet, but algorithms had yet involved in processing and pushing information to Internet users.

((c) Which of the following environmental legislations are formulated by the HKSAR Government?

(1 mark)

- (1) *Noise Control Ordinance*
 - (2) *Waste Disposal Ordinance*
 - (3) *Chinese Medicine Ordinance*
 - (4) *Protection of Trading Interests Ordinance*
- A. (1) and (2) only
 - B. (2) and (3) only
 - C. (3) and (4) only
 - D. (2), (3) and (4) only
- A B C D

Answer A

Options (3) and (4) are incorrect. Neither the *Chinese Medicine Ordinance* nor the *Protection of Trading Interests Ordinance* have anything to do with environmental protection.

(d) Which of the following is **not** a function of the WHO? (1 mark)

- A. Prevents outbreaks of infectious diseases
 - B. Formulates standards of international public health
 - C. Provides emergency assistance for countries
 - D. Controls the quantity of vaccines used in different countries
- A B C D

Answer

D

WHO is the directing and coordinating institute on international public health issues within the system of United Nations. It does not directly involve in the health policies of a country. For example, WHO does not control the quantity of vaccines used, but it gives advice on vaccination.

(e) Which of the following descriptions of international application of traditional Chinese medicine are correct? (1 mark)

- (1) China has signed agreements for cooperation in Chinese medicine with foreign governments and international organisations.
 - (2) Chinese medicine has already been included in the WHO's *International Classification of Diseases*.
 - (3) Foreign countries have fully adopted Chinese medicine for medical treatments.
 - (4) Traditional Chinese medicine academies have been established in countries and regions.
- A. (1) and (2) only
 - B. (2) and (3) only
 - C. (1), (2) and (4) only
 - D. (2), (3) and (4) only
- A B C D

Answer

C

Option (3) is incorrect. Traditional Chinese medicine is gradually recognised by foreign countries, but is not fully adopted in medical treatments.